

At Paris, France, Auguste Nefelaur, a well known French journalist.

25. In Switzerland, Viscount Ribblesdale, step son of Earl Russell.

30. At Paris, France, Felicien David, a celebrated musical composer.

At London, Eng., Charles Elme Franca-
teill, a famous cook, author of several
books on culinary science, in his 72nd
year.

SEPTEMBER.

4. At Portland, Me., Rev. Dr. Taylor, for
over 40 years one of the leading Presby-
terian Ministers of Montreal.

5. At London, Eng., George Smith, the
celebrated Assyrian explorer.

At Montmorenci Falls, Que., Geo. B.
Hall, Esq., one of the largest lumber mer-
chants in the Dominion.

7. At Gananoque, Ont., Rev. Wm
Smiar, the oldest Presbyterian Minister
in the Dominion.

14. At St. Claire, Que., Mr. Lasalle
Boyer, aged 107 years and three months.

18. At Burlington Heights, near Hamilt-
on, Ont., of variola, Peter Carroll, Esq.,
an old and esteemed citizen, in the 70th
year of his age.

Rev. Henry Haworth, for 31 years
Rector of St. George's, Hanover Square,
London.

At Hamilton, Ont., Elizabeth Ann
Golden, in her 108th year, in full posses-
sion of all her faculties.

20. At Portsmouth, N H., of apoplexy,
Rear Admiral Penneck, U. S. Navy.

22. At London, Eng., Dr. Thos. Laycock,
an eminent medical writer and physician
to the Queen.

24. At Hamilton, Ont., Mr. Chas. R. M.
Sewell, Surveyor of Customs, in his 52nd
year.

Sir J. R. Quain, one of the Justices of
the Queen's Bench Division of the High
Court of Justice.

28. At Donauwerth, Bavaria, Ernest
Bandel, the German sculptor.

Parliamentary Summary.

The Third Session of the Third Parlia-
ment of the Dominion opened on the 16th
February, 1876. In the Speech from the
Throne, the Governor General expressed
his pleasure at again meeting Parlia-
ment; spoke of his visit to England, of
the depression of trade and the abundant
harvest; congratulated the members on
the approaching completion of the Inter-
colonial Railway; mentioned the open-
ing of the Prince Edward Island Railway
as an epoch in the history of that Island,
and regretted no progress had been made
in the settlement of the Fisheries Com-
pensation. Effect had been given to the
Supreme Court Act, by appointing the
Judges and officers. Bills to amend the
law relating to Common Carriers; to
respecting Life Insurance Companies; to
provide for collecting statistics of crime;
to provide for consolidating the Statute
Law; for the enfranchisement of Indians;
and respecting Insolvent Banks, would
be submitted. The Estimates had been
framed with every possible economy.
The depression in trade had seriously
affected the revenue; and it was neces-
sary to curtail the expenditure. Corre-
spondence with regard to the Pacific
Railway would be laid before Parliament.
A deputation from the Manitoba Govern-
ment had visited Ottawa with a view to
some re-arrangement of the income of
the Province, which was not sufficient
for ordinary expenditure, and proposi-
tions concerning this would be presented.

After His Excellency withdrew in the
SENATE, Hon. Mr. LeTardier de St. Just
presented a Bill relating to Railways.

The consideration of the Speech was
settled for Monday, and a Committee of
Privileges appointed.

In the House, reports from Judges rela-
ting to Elections were read, new members

introduced, Standing Committees ap-
pointed, and some Departmental Reports
presented.

11th—COMMONS.—The Address in answer
to the Speech was moved by Mr. Casey.
He eulogised the Gov. Genl's speeches in
England respecting Canada; referred to
the depression in trade, and went gener-
ally over the subjects of the Speech, mov-
ing resolutions thanking His Excellency
for it, and pledging the House to careful
consideration of the subjects mentioned
in it. The Address was seconded by Mr.
Taschereau, who went over, in French,
much the same ground as Mr. Casey, in
English. Sir John A. Macdonald, on the
part of his friends, felicitated the mover
and seconder on their eloquence; charac-
terized the Speech as "a most harmless
and innocent printed document," and de-
clined to offer any amendment, but
thought some further information should
have been given with reference to the
Pacific Railway. Mr. Mackenzie spoke
briefly of the condition of things in the
Northwest, and thanked Sir John for the
tone of his speech. Hon. Mr. Holton
called the attention of the Premier to the
speech of the Postmaster General at
Argenteuil, as an offensive attack upon the
Roman Catholics of Quebec. He enquired
if the P. M. Genl. acted with the advice
of the Ministry, and if his remarks met
with the approval of the Premier. Hon.
Mr. Mackenzie had not even known the
P. M. Genl. was going to Argenteuil. He
went, as a political friend of the Member
for the County, not as a Minister. He
(Mr. M.) did not approve of anything
that had a tendency to bring religion into
public discussion in politics. Hon. Mr.
Holton was satisfied with the Premier's
exposition of his own views; reminded
him that there was a united responsibility